

**REGULAR AUDIT** 

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019-2018





# ANDERSON TOWNSHIP HAMILTON COUNTY

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Anderson Township Hamilton County 7850 Five Mile Road Cincinnati, Ohio 45230

To the Board of Trustees:

# Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying modified cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Anderson Township, Hamilton County, Ohio (the Township), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash accounting basis Note 2 describes. This responsibility includes determining that the modified cash accounting basis is acceptable for the circumstances. Management is also responsible for designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Township's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

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# **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Anderson Township, Hamilton County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the respective changes in modified cash financial position for the years then ended in accordance with the accounting basis described in Note 2.

# **Accounting Basis**

We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the accounting basis. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which differs from generally accepted accounting principles. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

# Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 12 to the 2019 financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Township. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated August 24, 2020, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Township's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

August 24, 2020

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$46,424,625
Total Assets	46,424,625
Net Position:	
Restricted for:	
Fire District	4,756,288
Permanent Improvements	696,051
Tax Increment Financing Projects	22,997,505
Road and Bridge	1,519,521
Police Services	2,823,316
Debt Services	21,221
Recreation	367,196
Lighting District	43,869
Other Purposes	510,248
Unrestricted	12,689,410
Total Net Position	\$46,424,625

					Net (Disbursements) Receipts
	Cash		rogram Cash Receip		and Changes in Net Position
	Disbursements	Charges for	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants	Governmental
Governmental Activities:	Dispuisements	Services and Sales	and Contributions	and Contributions	Activities
General Government	\$3,028,118	\$656,310	\$0	\$0	(¢2 271 pog)
Public Safety	15,941,654	1,612,924	90	30 0	(\$2,371,808)
Public Works	2,355,064	0	411,391	0	(14,328,730)
Health	27,000	Ö	411,331	0	(1,943,673)
Conservation-Recreation	31,769	Ö	0	0	(27,000) (31,769)
Capital Outlay	19,692,075	0	0	1,444,891	
Debt Service:	15,052,075	Ū	U	1,444,031	(18,247,184)
Principal	2,807,554	0	0	0	(2,807,554)
Interest and Other Charges	223,357	ő	0	0	
merestand other charges	225,557				(223,357)
Totals	\$44,106,591	\$2,269,234	\$411,391	\$1,444,891	(39,981,075)
		General Receipts: Property Taxes Le			
		General Purpose	es		1,254,651
		Road and Bridge	2		763,917
		Fire District		8,799,195	
		Police District		4,349,839	
			or Vehicle License		351,064
		Debt Service			2,854,000
			ments, Not Restrict	ed	2,120,844
		Payments in Lieu			18,741,342
		Special Assessme			116,072
		Investment Earnin	_		1,096,597
		Sale of Capital Ass			7,200
		-	Term Capital-Relate		2,924,288
			eeds of Long-Term C	apital-Related Debt	,
		Other Receipts			1,582,301
		Total General Recei	ots		45,019,343
	,	Change in Net Posit	on		5,038,268
		Net Position - Begin	ning of Year		41,386,357
		Net Position - End o	f Year		\$46,424,625

	General	Police	Fire District	TIF	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental
Assets:	General	Fonce	District	HP	- Funus	Funds
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$12,689,410	\$2,823,316	\$4,756,288	\$17,253,870	\$8,901,741	\$46,424,625
Total Assets	12,689,410	2,823,316	4,756,288	17,253,870	8,901,741	46,424,625
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable	\$26	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$26
Restricted	0	2,823,316	4,756,288	17,253,870	8,901,741	33,735,215
Assigned	619,591	0	0	0	0	619,591
Unassigned	12,069,793	0	0	0	0	12,069,793
Total Fund Balances	\$12,689,410	\$2,823,316	\$4,756,288	\$17,253,870	\$8,901,741	\$46,424,625
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$12,689,410	\$2,823,316	\$4,756,288	\$17,253,870	\$8,901,741	\$46,424,625

	General	Police	Fire District	TIF	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Receipts:						
Property Taxes and Other Local Taxes	\$1,254,651	\$4,349,839	\$8,799,195	\$0	\$3,968,981	\$18,372,666
Charges for Services	0	0	1,612,924	0	0	1,612,924
Investment Earnings	1,096,597	0	0	0	0	1,096,597
Intergovernmental	618,248	445,130	868,690	1,444,891	600,167	3,977,126
Licenses, Permits and Fees	618,014	0	0	0	0	618,014
Fines and Forfeitures	38,296	0	0	0	0	38,296
Special Assessments	0	0	0	0	116,072	116,072
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	0	0	0	15,595,771	3,145,571	18,741,342
Other Receipts	724,128	30,328	325,536	456,526	45,783	1,582,301
Total Receipts	4,349,934	4,825,297	11,606,345	17,497,188	7,876,574	46,155,338
Disbursements:						
General Government	3,028,118	0	0	0	0	3,028,118
Public Safety	3,600	5,018,936	10,919,118	0	0	15,941,654
Public Works	99,763	0	0	0	2,255,301	2,355,064
Health	27,000	0	0	0	0	27,000
Conservation-Recreation	6,421	0	0	0	25,348	31,769
Capital Outlay	57,865	8,105	20,271	17,579,473	2,026,361	19,692,075
Debt Service:						
Principal	0	0	0	97,554	2,710,000	2,807,554
Interest and Other Charges	0	0	0	0	223,357	223,357
Total Disbursements	3,222,767	5,027,041	10,939,389	17,677,027	7,240,367	44,106,591
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	1,127,167	(201,744)	666,956	(179,839)	636,207	2,048,747
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements):						
Sale of Capital Assets	0	0	0	7,200	0	7,200
Proceeds of Long-Term Capital-Related Debt	0	0	0	699,288	2,225,000	2,924,288
Premium on Proceeds of Long-Term Capital-Related Debt	0	0	0	0	58,033	58,033
Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)	0	0	0	706,488	2,283,033	2,989,521
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,127,167	(201,744)	666,956	526,649	2,919,240	5,038,268
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	11,562,243	3,025,060	4,089,332	16,727,221	5,982,501	41,386,357
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$12,689,410	\$2,823,316	\$4,756,288	\$17,253,870	\$8,901,741	\$46,424,625

# Note 1 -Reporting Entity

Anderson Township of Hamilton County, Ohio, is a body politic and corporate established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Township is directed by a publicly elected three-member Board of Trustees. The Township also has an elected Township Fiscal Officer.

The accompanying financial statements include only the accounts and transactions of the Township. The Township has no component units nor is it considered a component unit of the State of Ohio. The Township is considered, however, a political subdivision to the State of Ohio. These conclusions regarding the financial reporting entity are based on the concept of financial accountability. The Township is not financially accountable for any other organizations. This is evidenced by the fact that the Township is a legally and fiscally separate and distinct organization. The Township is solely responsible for its finances. The Township is empowered to issue debt payable solely from Township receipts.

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government and the Township believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

# **Primary Government**

The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Township. The Township provides general government services, maintenance of Township roads and bridges, cemetery maintenance, and fire protection services. The Township contracts with the Hamilton County Sheriff's Office to provide police protection.

# Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

These financial statements are presented on the modified cash basis of accounting. The modified cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the modified cash basis of accounting.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The Township's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities (both on modified cash basis), and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The statement of net position and the statement of activities (both on modified cash basis) display information about the Township as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. The statements distinguish between those activities of the Township that are governmental and those that are considered business-type. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts or other nonexchange transactions. The Township has no business-type operations.

The statement of net position presents the modified cash balance and net position of the governmental activities of the Township at year end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each of the Township's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the Township is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services, grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a modified cash basis or draws from the Township's general receipts.

# **Fund Financial Statements**

During the year, the Township segregates transactions related to certain Township functions or activities in separate funds to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Township at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

# **Fund Accounting**

The Township uses fund accounting to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are used to segregate resources that are restricted as to use.

# **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental funds reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Cash disbursements are assigned to the fund from which they are paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and cash disbursements is reported as fund balance. The following are the Township's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is disbursed or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Police Fund</u> – This fund receives tax money for operating disbursements incurred by the Township's police department, which is the primary source of receipts for this fund.

<u>Fire District Fund</u> – This fund receives tax money for operating disbursements incurred by the Township's fire department, which is the primary source of receipts for this fund.

<u>TIF Fund</u> – This fund receives money in lieu of taxes for improvements to certain parcels of land, which is the primary source of receipts for this fund.

The other governmental funds of the Township account for debt service, capital projects, and grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

# **Basis of Accounting**

The Township's financial statements are prepared using the modified cash basis of accounting. Receipts are recorded in the Township's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related receipts (such as accounts receivable and receipt for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related disbursements (such as accounts payable and disbursements for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued disbursements and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

# **Budgetary Process**

All funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Township may appropriate.

The appropriations ordinance is the Township's authorization to spend resources and sets limits on disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Township. The legal level of control has been established at the fund, function, and object level for all funds as is required by the ORC.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the Township fiscal officer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted.

The appropriations ordinance is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation ordinance for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years.

# Cash and investments

Cash received by the Township is deposited into one of several bank accounts with individual fund balance integrity maintained. Balances of all funds are maintained in these accounts or are temporarily used to purchase certificates of deposit or investments.

To improve cash management, cash received by the Township is pooled and invested. Individual fund integrity is maintained through Township records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments".

Investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase and Investments of the cash management pool are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments. All investments as of December 31, were investments of the cash management pool.

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts, respectively.

STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The Township measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For 2019, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Interest earnings are allocated to Township funds according to State statutes, grant requirements, or debt related restrictions. Interest receipts credited to the General Fund during 2019 was \$1,096,597.

# **Inventory and Prepaid Items**

The Township reports disbursements for inventories and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying basic financial statements.

# **Capital Assets**

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment (capital assets) are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying basic financial statements.

# **Accumulated Leave**

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the Township's modified cash basis of accounting.

# **Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans**

The Township recognizes the disbursement for employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 6 and 7, the employer contributions include portions for

pension benefits and for postretirement healthcare benefits.

#### **Long Term Obligations**

The Township's modified cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds or other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when the cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset when entering into a capital lease is not the result of a cash transaction, neither an other financing source nor a capital outlay expenditure is reported at inception. Lease payments are reported when paid.

#### **Net Position**

Net cash assets represent the cash assets held by the Township at year end. Net Position are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Township or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws, or regulations of other governments. Restricted for Other Purposes is comprised of net position restricted for grants. The Township applies restricted resources when a cash disbursement is made for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

As of December 31, 2019 none of the Township's net position were restricted by enabling legislation.

# **Fund Balance**

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in the spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

**Restricted** — Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the Township Board of Trustees. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Township Board of Trustees removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Township for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance

represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the Township Board of Trustees.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The Township applies restricted resources first when disbursements are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when disbursements are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### Note 3 – Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the Township are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the Township treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the Township treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Trustees have identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim Monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- (1) United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or other obligations of or securities issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest by the United States;
- (2) Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or

#### instrumentalities;

- (3) Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above, provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- (4) Bond and other obligations of the State of Ohio, its political subdivisions, or other units or agencies of this State or its political subdivisions;
- (5) Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- (6) No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- (7) The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- (8) Securities lending agreements in which the Township lends securities and the eligible institution agrees to exchange either securities described in division (1) or (2), or cash, or both securities and cash, equal value for equal value;
- (9) High grade commercial paper in an amount not to exceed five percent of the Township's total average portfolio; and
- (10) Bankers acceptances for a period not to exceed 270 days and in an amount not to exceed ten percent of the Township's total average portfolio.

Protection of the Township's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institution's participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Township, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the clerk/treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

# **Deposits**

Effective July 1, 2017, the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS) was implemented by the Office of the Ohio Treasurer of State. Financial institutions have the option of participating in OPCS or collateralizing utilizing the specific pledge method. Financial institutions are transitioning to OPCS, but some have been granted extensions that may carry over year end and will be collateralizing with their own collateral pool until they join OPCS.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Township will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2019, \$12,110,619 of the Township's bank balance of \$21,600,712 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized.

The Township has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by:

Eligible securities pledged to the Township and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105% of the deposits being secured; or

Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102% of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

# **Investments**

At December 31, 2019, the Township had the following investments:

		Fair Value	Weighted Average
	Value	Hierarchy	Maturity (Years)
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$799,664	Level 2	3.33
Negotiable CD	15,567,910	Level 2	1.75
Money Market	187,407	N/A	0.00
STAROhio	8,804,536	N/A	0.13
Total Investments	\$25,359,517		
Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity			1.23

The Township categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The above table identifies the District's recurring fair value measurements as of year end. STAR Ohio is reported at its share price (Net Asset value per share).

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Township's investment policy does not address interest rate risk beyond the requirements of the Ohio Revised Code.

# Anderson Township Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2019

Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that an issue or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Township's policy places limitations on the types of investments the Township may invest in. The Township's policy authorizes investment in allowable securities as outlined in Ohio Revised Code Section 135. The Township's investments in Federal Home Loan Bank were rated AAA by Moody's and AA+ by Standards & Poor's. STAR Ohio investments were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Money Market Funds and Negotiable Certificates of Deposit were not rated.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The Township places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The Township has invested 61% in Negotiable Certificates of Deposit, 3% in Federal Home Loan Bank, 1% in Money Market Funds and 35% in STAR Ohio.

Custodial Credit Risk — Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Township will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the Township's securities are either insured and registered in the name of the Township or at least registered in the name of the Township. The Township has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in state statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

#### Note 4 – Taxes

# **Property Taxes**

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the Township. Property tax revenue received during 2019 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of 2018 taxes.

2019 real property taxes are levied after October 1, 2019, on the assessed value as of January 1, 2019, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. 2019 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2020.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2019 public utility property taxes, which became a lien December 31, 2018, are levied after October 1, 2019, and are collected in 2020 with real property taxes.

The assessed values of real property and public utility property upon which 2019 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

# Anderson Township Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2019

	2019
Real Property	\$1,213,972,590
Public Utility Property Personal	33,782,160
Total Assessed Value	\$1,247,754,750

#### **Tax Abatements**

For 2019 the Township had no tax abatements that apply to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 77, "Tax Abatement Disclosures."

# Note 5 - Risk Management

# Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA)

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During 2019 the Township contracted with the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk sharing pool available to Ohio Townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. York Risk Pooling Services, Inc. (formally known as American Risk Pooling Consultants, Inc.) (York or Management), functions as the administrator of the Pool and provides underwriting claims, loss control, risk management, and reinsurance services for the Pool. Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

# **Casualty and Property Coverage**

The Pool is a member of American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP), which is also administered by York. APEEP provides the Pool with an excess risk-sharing program. Under this arrangement, OTARMA retains insured risks up to an amount specified in the contracts. At December 31, 2019, OTARMA retained \$350,000 for casualty claims and \$250,000 for property claims.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreement does not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

# <u>Financial Position</u>

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and Net Position at December 31, 2019 (the latest information available):

	2019
Assets	\$46,315,535
Liablities	11,571,566
Net Position	34,743,969

At December 31, 2019, the liabilities above include approximately \$10.5 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The assets above also include approximately \$8.6 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 1,010 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2019. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. As of December 31, 2019, the Township's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$77,000.

Based on discussions with OTARMA, the expected rates OTARMA charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to OTARMA for each year of membership. The Township made contributions of \$174,426 for 2019, \$174,900 for 2018, and \$155,054 for 2017 to the OTARMA.

After one year of membership, a member may withdraw on the anniversary of the date of joining OTARMA, if the member notifies OTARMA in writing 60 days prior to the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

# Self-Insurance

The Township manages employee health benefits on a self-insured basis. The employee health benefit plan provides basic health coverage through United Health Care (UHC), the third party administrator (TPA) of the program, which reviews and processes or disallows the claims. Jefferson Health Plan (JHP) releases the claims payments to the providers as a consortium outside UHC. JHP is a jointly governed organization established as a joint insurance pool. The Township is a member of the Center for Local Government Benefits Pool (CLGBP) which is a member of JHP. A specific excess loss coverage (stoploss) insurance policy covers claims in excess of \$150,000 per employee per year. The 2019 monthly family, employee plus one, employee plus children and single premiums were \$1,815.57, \$1,244.90, \$1,114.48, and \$597.97. The TPA charges the Township an administration fee of \$47.75 per employee per month.

# Note 6 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

# **Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)**

Plan Description – Township employees, other than full-time firefighters, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a combination cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit/defined contribution pension plan. Participating employers

# Anderson Township Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2019

are divided into state, local, law enforcement and public safety divisions. While members in the state and local divisions may participate in all three plans, law enforcement and public safety divisions exist only within the traditional plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members in the traditional and combined plans were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional and combined plans as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS' CAFR referenced above for additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

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#### Group A

Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013

# State and Local

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

#### Traditional Plan Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

#### Combined Plan Formula:

1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1,25% for service years in excess of 30

#### **Public Safety**

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

#### **Law Enforcement**

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

#### **Public Safety and Law Enforcement**

#### Traditional Plan Formula:

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

#### Group B

20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013

#### State and Local

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

#### Traditional Plan Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

#### **Combined Plan Formula:**

1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30

#### **Public Safety**

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

#### **Law Enforcement**

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

#### **Public Safety and Law Enforcement**

#### Traditional Plan Formula:

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

#### **Group C**

Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013

#### State and Local

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit

#### Traditional Plan Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

#### Combined Plan Formula:

1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 35

#### **Public Safety**

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 52 with 25 years of service credit or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit

#### **Law Enforcement**

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit

#### **Public Safety and Law Enforcement**

#### Traditional Plan Formula:

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

When a traditional plan benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. Members retiring under the combined plan receive a cost-of-living adjustment of the defined benefit portion of their pension benefit. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3 percent simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Defined contribution plan benefits are established in the plan documents, which may be amended by the Board. Member-directed plan and combined plan members who have met the retirement eligibility requirements may apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the combined plan consists of the member's contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the member's investment selections. Combined plan members wishing to receive benefits must meet the requirements for both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans. Member-directed participants must have attained the age of 55, have money on deposit in the defined contribution plan and have terminated public service to apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the member-directed plan consists of the members' contributions, vested employer contributions and investment gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Employer contributions and associated investment earnings vest over a five-year period, at a rate of 20 percent each year. At retirement, members may select one of several distribution options for payment of the vested balance in their individual OPERS accounts. Options include the purchase of a monthly defined benefit annuity from OPERS (which includes joint and survivor options), partial lump-sum payments (subject to limitations), a rollover of the vested account balance to another financial institution, receipt of entire account balance, net of taxes withheld, or a combination of these options.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State and Local	Public Safety	Law Enforcement
2019 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates			
Employer	14.0 %	18.1 %	18.1 %
Employee ***	10.0 %	*	**
2019 Actual Contribution Rates			
Employer:			
Pension	14.0 %	18.1 %	18.1 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits ****	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Employer	14.0 %	18.1 %	18.1 %
Employee	10.0 %	12.0 %	13.0 %

- \* This rate is determined by OPERS' Board and has no maximum rate established by ORC.
- \*\* This rate is also determined by OPERS' Board, but is limited by ORC to not more than 2 percent greater than the Public Safety rate.
- \*\*\* Member contributions within the combined plan are not used to fund the defined beneretirement allowance.
- \*\*\*\* This employer health care rate is for the traditional and combined plans. The employer contribution for the member-directed plan is 4 percent.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The Township's contractually required contribution was \$285,560 for year 2019.

# Plan Description - Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OPF)

Plan Description – Township full-time firefighters participate in Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OPF), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OPF. OPF provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OPF fiduciary net position. The report that may be obtained by visiting the OPF website at www.opf.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OPF may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OPF offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5 percent for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.0 percent for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.5 percent for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72 percent of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit (see OPF's CAFR referenced above for additional information, including requirements for Deferred Retirement Option Plan provisions and reduced and unreduced benefits).

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OPF benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit, surviving beneficiaries, and statutory survivors. Members participating in the DROP program have separate eligibility requirements related to COLA.

Members retiring under normal service retirement, with less than 15 years of service credit on July 1, 2013, and members whose pension benefit became effective on or after July 1, 2013, will receive a COLA equal to a percentage of the member's base pension benefit where the percentage is the lesser of three percent or the percentage increase in the consumer price index, if any, over the 12 month period that ends on the thirtieth day of September of the immediately preceding year, rounded to the nearest one-tenth of one percent.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

2019 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates	Police	Firefighters
Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %
Employee	12.25 %	12.25 %
2019 Actual Contribution Rates		
Employer:		
Pension	19.00 %	23.50 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.50	0.50
Total Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %
Employee	12.25 %	12.25 %

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The Township's contractually required contribution to OPF was \$1,376,668 for 2019.

#### Note 7 - Post Employment Benefits

# Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description – The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the traditional pension and the combined plans. This trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or refund, member directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the traditional pension and combined plans must have twenty or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 75. See OPERS' CAFR referenced below for additional information.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222-7377.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2019, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of earnable salary and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.1 percent. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. For 2019, OPERS did not allocate any employer contribution to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the Member-Directed Plan for 2019 was 4.0 percent.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The Township's contractually required contribution was \$0 for the year 2019.

# Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Plan Description – The Township contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OPF) sponsored healthcare program, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined post-employment healthcare plan administered by a third-party provider. This program is not guaranteed and is subject to change at any time upon action of the Board of Trustees. OPF provides health care benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drug, dental, vision, and Medicare Part B Premium to retirees, qualifying benefit recipients and their eligible dependents.

OPF provides access to postretirement health care coverage for any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability, or statutory survivor benefit, or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. The health care coverage provided by OPF meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate, OPF to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OPF Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OPF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. The report may be obtained by visiting the OPF website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Funding Policy — The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OPF defined benefit pension plan. Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently 19.5 percent and 24 percent of covered payroll for police and fire employer units, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.5 percent of covered payroll for police employer units and 24 percent of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OPF maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts. There is one account for health care benefits and one account for Medicare Part B reimbursements. A separate health care trust accrual account is maintained for health care benefits One for health care benefits under IRS Code Section 115 trust. An Internal Revenue Code 401(h) account is maintained for Medicare Part B reimbursements.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan to the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. For 2019, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 0.5 percent of covered payroll. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h).

The OPF Board of Trustees is also authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

Beginning January 1, 2019, OPF is changing its retiree health care model and the current self-insured health care plan will no longer be offered. In its place is a stipend-based health care model. A stipend funded by OPF will be placed in individual Health Reimbursement Accounts that retirees will use to be reimbursed for health care expenses.

The Township's contractually required contribution to OPF was \$29,291 for 2019.

# Note 8 -Debt

The Township's long-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2019 was as follows:

		Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Rate	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance	One Year
Debt:						
2014 Refunding	1.00-4.00%	\$5,485,000	\$0	(\$2,710,000)	\$2,775,000	\$2,775,000
2014 Premium on Refunding		111,043	0	(111,043)	0	0
OPWC Loan - CB22U		292,663	0	(97,554)	195,109	32,518
OPWC Loan - CB19U		211,280	699,288	0	910,568	45,528
2019 Recreational Facility Impro	1 2.00-4.00%	0	2,225,000	0	2,225,000	40,000
2019 Premium on Bonds	_	0	58,033	0	58,033	0
Total Debt	_	\$6,099,986	\$2,982,321	(\$2,918,597)	\$6,163,710	\$2,893,046

The general obligation bonds are supported by the full faith and credit of the Township and are payable from unvoted property tax receipts to the extent that other resources are not available to meet annual principal and interest payments.

The Township issued \$11,200,000 in refunding various purpose bonds in 2014 to partially refund \$10,575,000 in 2007 various purpose bonds. The bonds will mature in 2020 and require semi-annual payments due June 1 and December 1.

The Township issued an Ohio Public Works Commission loan in 2018 for \$325,181. The loan was issued for road improvements for the Ivy Hills subdivision. The loan is a five year loan with zero percent interest.

The Township issued an Ohio Public Works Commission loan in 2019 for \$910,568. The loan was issued for Towne Center Way road improvements. The loan is a ten year loan with zero percent interest.

The Township issued \$2,202,814 in various purpose bonds in 2019. The bonds will mature in 2049 and require semi-annual payments due June 1 and December 1. The bonds were issued for recreation facility improvements.

The following is a summary of the Township's future annual debt service requirements at year end:

Year ending	General Oblig	General Obligation Bonds		Loans
December 31	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2020	\$2,815,000	\$140,206	\$78,046	\$0
2021	45,000	64,350	156,093	0
2022	50,000	63,000	156,093	0
2023	50,000	61,000	123,576	0
2024	50,000	59,000	91,057	0
2025-2029	295,000	265,700	455,284	0
2030-2034	350,000	211,650	45,528	0
2035-2039	390,000	167,310	0	0
2040-2044	445,000	113,898	0	0
2045-2049	510,000	46,950	0	0
Total	\$5,000,000	\$1,193,064	\$1,105,677	\$0

# Note 9 - Contingent Liability

The Township's attorney estimates that all other potential claims against the Township not covered by insurance resulting from all other litigation would not materially affect the financial statements of the Township.

# Note 10 - Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based

primarily on the extent to which the Township is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on the fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

				Other		
			Fire		Governmental	
Fund Balances	General	Police	District	TIF	<u>Funds</u>	Total
Nonspendable						
Unclaimed Monies	\$26	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$26
Restricted for:						
Fire District	0	0	4,756,288	0	0	4,756,288
TIF	0	0	0	17,253,870	5,743,635	22,997,505
Motor Vehicle License	0	0	0	0	10,439	10,439
Gasoline Tax	0	0	0	0	162,679	162,679
Road and Bridge	0	0	0	0	1,519,521	1,519,521
Lighting District	0	0	0	0	43,869	43,869
Police	0	2,823,316	0	0	0	2,823,316
Greenspace Levy	0	0	0	0	367,196	367,196
Permissive Tax	0	0	0	0	337,130	337,130
Bond Retirement	0	0	0	0	21,221	21,221
Permanent Improvement	0	0	0	0	696,051	696,051
Total Restricted	0	2,823,316	4,756,288	17,253,870	8,901,741	33,735,215
Assigned to:						
Encumbrances	343,291	0	0	0	0	343,291
Next Year's Budget	276,300	0	0	0	0	276,300
Total Assigned	619,591	0	0	0	0	619,591
Unassigned (Deficit)	12,069,793	0	0	0	0	12,069,793
Total Fund Balance	\$12,689,410	\$2,823,316	\$4,756,288	\$17,253,870	\$8,901,741	\$46,424,625

In addition to the above fund balance constraints, the Township has a General Fund budget stabilization arrangement that does not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.13, the Township established a budget stabilization by resolution to provide options to respond to unexpected issues and afford a buffer against shocks and other forms of risk such as revenue volatility, unexpected infrastructure failure, or disaster situations. Expenditures of a recurring nature are not addressed through the use of this arrangement. The Township Trustees authorized the funding of this arrangement as resources become available in the General Fund. The fund balance should not exceed 30 percent of the General Fund average revenues.

#### Note 11 – Implementation of New Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2019, the Township implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, GASB No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, GASB No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, and GASB No. 90, Majority Equity Interests – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61.

GASB Statement No. 83 sets out to address the accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this

Statement. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 83 did not have an effect on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 84 clarifies the criteria for identifying fiduciary activities, with the focus on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Activities meeting certain criteria should be reported in a fiduciary fund in the financial statements. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 84 did not have an effect on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 88 sets out to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The Statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. This Statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses. For notes to financial statements related to debt, this Statement also requires that existing and additional information be provided for direct borrowings and direct placements of debt separately from other debt. If applicable, GASB Statement No. 88 has been implemented in the notes to financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 90 sets out to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. A majority equity interest that meets the definition of an investment should be measured using the equity method, unless it is held by a special-purpose government engaged only in fiduciary activities, a fiduciary fund, or an endowment (including permanent and term endowments) or permanent fund. Those governments and funds should measure the majority equity interest at fair value. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 90 did not have an effect on the financial statements.

# Note 12 - Subsequent Events

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Township. The Townships' investment portfolio could potentially incur a significant decline in fair value, in 2020, consistent with the general decline in financial markets. However, because the values of individual investments fluctuate with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the Township's future operating costs, revenues, the impact of the investments of the pension and other employee benefit plan in which the Township participates and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

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	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$41,386,357
Total Assets	41,386,357
Net Position:	
Restricted for:	
Fire District	4,089,332
Permanent Improvements	696,051
Tax Increment Financing Projects	19,097,110
Road and Bridge	2,096,247
Police Services	3,025,060
Debt Services	20,359
Recreation	392,027
Lighting District	56,419
Other Purposes	351,509
Unrestricted	11,562,243_
Total Net Position	\$41,386,357

		D	ogram Cach Bacain	Net (Disbursements) Receipts		
	Cash	Program Cash Receipts  Charges for Operating Grants Capital Grants			and Changes in Net Position Governmental	
	Disbursements		and Contributions			
Governmental Activities:		oci vides dila sules	did contributions	and commoditions	Activities	
General Government	\$3,377,037	\$699,467	\$0	\$0	(\$2,677,570)	
Public Safety	13,972,621	1,465,663	0	0	(12,506,958)	
Public Works	2,330,107	0	306,147	ő	(2,023,960)	
Health	105,224	0	0	Ö	(105,224)	
Conservation-Recreation	52,860	ō	0	0	(52,860)	
Capital Outlay	15,316,402	ō	Ö	1,410,371	(13,906,031)	
Debt Service:	20,020,102	Ŭ	•	1,410,571	(13,900,031)	
Principal	2,677,518	0	0	0	(2,677,518)	
Interest and Other Charges	205,538	0	0	0	(205,538)	
Totals	\$38,037,307	\$2,165,130	\$306,147	\$1,410,371	(34,155,659)	
		General Receipts: Property Taxes Le	evied for:			
		General Purpos	es		1,260,318	
		764,880				
		Fire District	8,811,173			
	Police District					
		Permissive Mot	or Vehicle License		348,104	
		Debt Service			2,851,000	
			ements, Not Restric	ted	2,212,056	
		Payments in Lieu	17,986,172			
		Special Assessme	121,932			
		Investment Earnin Sale of Capital As	601,260			
		1,038,216				
Proceeds of Long-Term Capital-Related Debt					536,461	
		950,449				
		41,844,302				
	Change in Net Position				7,688,643	
		Net Position - Begin	33,697,714			
		Net Position - End o	f Year		\$41,386,357	

	General	Police	Fire District	TIF	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$11,562,243	\$3,025,060	\$4,089,332	\$16,727,221	\$5,982,501	\$41,386,357
	· /			+,,	40,000,000	+
Total Assets	11,562,243	3,025,060	4,089,332	16,727,221	5,982,501	41,386,357
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable	\$26	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$26
Restricted	0	3,025,060	4,089,332	16,727,221	5,982,501	29,824,114
Assigned	1,303,776	0	0	0	0	1,303,776
Unassigned	10,258,441		0	0	0	10,258,441
Total Fund Balances	\$11,562,243	\$3,025,060	\$4,089,332	\$16,727,221	\$5,982,501	\$41,386,357

Anderson Township
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements
and Changes in Fund Balances - Modified Cash Basis
Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018

			Fire		Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	General	Police	District	TIF	Funds	Funds
Receipts:						
Property Taxes and Other Local Taxes	\$1,260,318	\$4,362,281	\$8,811,173	\$0	\$3,963,984	\$18,397,756
Charges for Services	0	0	1,465,663	0	0	1,465,663
Investment Earnings	601,260	0	0	0	0	601,260
Intergovernmental	600,001	449,073	876,146	1,450,371	552,983	3,928,574
Licenses, Permits and Fees	653,086	0	0	0	0	653,086
Fines and Forfeitures	46,381	0	0	0	0	46,381
Special Assessments	0	0	0	0	121,932	121,932
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	0	0	0	14,869,013	3,117,159	17,986,172
Other Receipts	634,790	18,586	188,961	52,035	56,077	950,449
Total Receipts	3,795,836	4,829,940	11,341,943	16,371,419	7,812,135	44,151,273
Disbursements:						
General Government	3,377,037	0	0	0	0	3,377,037
Public Safety	34,811	3,608,709	10,329,101	0	0	13,972,621
Public Works	99,943	0	0	0	2,230,164	2,330,107
Health	105,224	0	0	0	0	105,224
Conservation-Recreation	5,679	0	0	0	47,181	52,860
Capital Outlay	114,517	12,331	32,529	13,257,675	1,899,350	15,316,402
Debt Service:	,	,	5-,5-5		_,,	,,
Principal	0	0	0	32,518	2,645,000	2,677,518
Interest and Other Charges	0	0	0	0	205,538	205,538
Total Disbursements	3,737,211	3,621,040	10,361,630	13,290,193	7,027,233	38,037,307
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	58,625	1,208,900	980,313	3,081,226	784,902	6,113,966
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements):						
Sale of Capital Assets	961,258	0	0	76,958	0	1,038,216
Proceeds of Long-Term Capital-Related Debt	0	0	0	536,461	0	536,461
Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)	961,258	0	0	613,419	0	1,574,677
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,019,883	1,208,900	980,313	3,694,645	784,902	7,688,643
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	10,542,360	1,816,160	3,109,019	13,032,576	5,197,599	33,697,714
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$11,562,243	\$3,025,060	\$4,089,332	\$16,727,221	\$5,982,501	\$41,386,357

#### Note 1 –Reporting Entity

Anderson Township of Hamilton County, Ohio, is a body politic and corporate established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Township is directed by a publicly elected three-member Board of Trustees. The Township also has an elected Township Fiscal Officer.

The accompanying financial statements include only the accounts and transactions of the Township. The Township has no component units nor is it considered a component unit of the State of Ohio. The Township is considered, however, a political subdivision to the State of Ohio. These conclusions regarding the financial reporting entity are based on the concept of financial accountability. The Township is not financially accountable for any other organizations. This is evidenced by the fact that the Township is a legally and fiscally separate and distinct organization. The Township is solely responsible for its finances. The Township is empowered to issue debt payable solely from Township receipts.

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government and the Township believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

## **Primary Government**

The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Township. The Township provides general government services, maintenance of Township roads and bridges, cemetery maintenance, and fire protection services. The Township contracts with the Hamilton County Sheriff's Office to provide police protection.

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

These financial statements are presented on the modified cash basis of accounting. The modified cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the modified cash basis of accounting.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The Township's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities (both on modified cash basis), and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

# **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The statement of net position and the statement of activities (both on modified cash basis) display information about the Township as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. The statements distinguish between those activities of the Township that are governmental and those that are considered business-type. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts or other nonexchange transactions. The Township has no business-type operations.

The statement of net position presents the modified cash balance and net position of the governmental activities of the Township at year end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each of the Township's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the Township is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services, grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a modified cash basis or draws from the Township's general receipts.

# **Fund Financial Statements**

During the year, the Township segregates transactions related to certain Township functions or activities in separate funds to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Township at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

# **Fund Accounting**

The Township uses fund accounting to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are used to segregate resources that are restricted as to use.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental funds reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Cash disbursements are assigned to the fund from which they are paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and cash disbursements is reported as fund balance. The following are the Township's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is disbursed or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Police Fund</u> – This fund receives tax money for operating disbursements incurred by the Township's police department, which is the primary source of receipts for this fund.

<u>Fire District Fund</u> — This fund receives tax money for operating disbursements incurred by the Township's fire department, which is the primary source of receipts for this fund.

<u>TIF Fund</u> – This fund receives money in lieu of taxes for improvements to certain parcels of land, which is the primary source of receipts for this fund.

The other governmental funds of the Township account for debt service, capital projects, and grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

# **Basis of Accounting**

The Township's financial statements are prepared using the modified cash basis of accounting. Receipts are recorded in the Township's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related receipts (such as accounts receivable and receipt for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related disbursements (such as accounts payable and disbursements for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued disbursements and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

# **Budgetary Process**

All funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Township may appropriate.

The appropriations ordinance is the Township's authorization to spend resources and sets limits on disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Township. The legal level of control has been established at the fund, function, and object level for all funds as is required by the ORC.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the Township fiscal officer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted.

The appropriations ordinance is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation ordinance for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years.

#### Cash and Investments

Cash received by the Township is deposited into one of several bank accounts with individual fund balance integrity maintained. Balances of all funds are maintained in these accounts or are temporarily used to purchase certificates of deposit or investments.

To improve cash management, cash received by the Township is pooled and invested. Individual fund integrity is maintained through Township records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments".

Investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase and Investments of the cash management pool are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments. All investments as of December 31, were investments of the cash management pool.

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts, respectively.

STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The Township measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For 2018, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$50 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$50 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Interest earnings are allocated to Township funds according to State statutes, grant requirements, or debt related restrictions. Interest receipts credited to the General Fund during 2018 was \$601,260.

#### **Inventory and Prepaid Items**

The Township reports disbursements for inventories and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying basic financial statements.

# **Capital Assets**

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment (capital assets) are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying basic financial statements.

#### **Accumulated Leave**

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the Township's modified cash basis of accounting.

#### **Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans**

The Township recognizes the disbursement for employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 6 and 7, the employer contributions include portions for

pension benefits and for postretirement healthcare benefits.

#### **Long Term Obligations**

The Township's modified cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds or other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when the cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset when entering into a capital lease is not the result of a cash transaction, neither an other financing source nor a capital outlay expenditure is reported at inception. Lease payments are reported when paid.

#### **Net Position**

Net cash assets represent the cash assets held by the Township at year end. Net Position are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Township or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws, or regulations of other governments. Restricted for Other Purposes is comprised of net position restricted for grants. The Township applies restricted resources when a cash disbursement is made for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

As of December 31, 2018 none of the Township's net position were restricted by enabling legislation.

#### **Fund Balance**

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in the spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

**Restricted** – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the Township Board of Trustees. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Township Board of Trustees removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Township for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance

represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the Township Board of Trustees.

**Unassigned** – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The Township applies restricted resources first when disbursements are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when disbursements are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### Note 3 – Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the Township are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the Township treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the Township treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Trustees have identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim Monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- (1) United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or other obligations of or securities issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest by the United States;
- (2) Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or

#### instrumentalities;

- (3) Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above, provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- (4) Bond and other obligations of the State of Ohio, its political subdivisions, or other units or agencies of this State or its political subdivisions;
- (5) Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- (6) No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- (7) The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- (8) Securities lending agreements in which the Township lends securities and the eligible institution agrees to exchange either securities described in division (1) or (2), or cash, or both securities and cash, equal value for equal value;
- (9) High grade commercial paper in an amount not to exceed five percent of the Township's total average portfolio; and
- (10) Bankers acceptances for a period not to exceed 270 days and in an amount not to exceed ten percent of the Township's total average portfolio.

Protection of the Township's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institution's participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Township, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the clerk/treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

#### **Deposits**

Effective July 1, 2017, the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS) was implemented by the Office of the Ohio Treasurer of State. Financial institutions have the option of participating in OPCS or collateralizing utilizing the specific pledge method. Financial institutions are transitioning to OPCS, but some have been granted extensions that may carry over year end and will be collateralizing with their own collateral pool until they join OPCS.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Township will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2018, \$10,398,308 of the Township's bank balance of \$19,896,290 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized.

The Township has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by:

Eligible securities pledged to the Township and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105% of the deposits being secured; or

Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102% of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

#### Investments

At December 31, 2018, the Township had the following investments:

			Weighted Average	
	Value	Hierarchy	Maturity (Years)	
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$422,922	Level 2	2.40	
Federal Farm Credit Bank	1,091,178	Level 2	0.53	
Negotiable CD	6,692,609	Level 2	1.51	
Money Market	9,694	N/A	0.00	
STAROhio	13,492,319_	N/A	0.13	
Total Investments	\$21,708,722			
Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity			0.61	

The Township categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The above table identifies the District's recurring fair value measurements as of year end. STAR Ohio is reported at its share price (Net Asset value per share).

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Township's investment policy does not address interest rate risk beyond the

# Anderson Township Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

requirements of the Ohio Revised Code.

Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that an issue or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Township's policy places limitations on the types of investments the Township may invest in. The Township's policy authorizes investment in allowable securities as outlined in Ohio Revised Code Section 135. The Township's investments in Federal Home Loan Bank, and Federal Farm Credit Bank were rated AAA by Moody's and AA+ by Standards & Poor's. STAR Ohio investments were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Money Market Funds and Negotiable Certificates of Deposit were not rated.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The Township places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The Township has invested 30% in Negotiable Certificates of Deposit, 5% Federal Farm Credit Bank, 2% in Federal Home Loan Bank, 1% in Money Market Funds and 62% in STAR Ohio.

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Township will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the Township's securities are either insured and registered in the name of the Township or at least registered in the name of the Township. The Township has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in state statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

#### Note 4 - Taxes

# **Property Taxes**

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the Township. Property tax revenue received during 2018 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of 2017 taxes.

2018 real property taxes are levied after October 1, 2018, on the assessed value as of January 1, 2018, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. 2018 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2019.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2018 public utility property taxes, which became a lien December 31, 2017, are levied after October 1, 2018, and are collected in 2019 with real property taxes.

The assessed values of real property and public utility property upon which 2018 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

	2018
Real Property	\$1,209,364,070
Public Utility Property Personal	32,732,670
Total Assessed Value	\$1,242,096,740

#### **Tax Abatements**

For 2018 the Township had no tax abatements that apply to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 77, "Tax Abatement Disclosures."

## Note 5 - Risk Management

#### Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA)

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During 2018 the Township contracted with the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk sharing pool available to Ohio Townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. York Risk Pooling Services, Inc. (formally known as American Risk Pooling Consultants, Inc.) (York or Management), functions as the administrator of the Pool and provides underwriting claims, loss control, risk management, and reinsurance services for the Pool. Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

# **Casualty and Property Coverage**

The Pool is a member of American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP), which is also administered by York. APEEP provides the Pool with an excess risk-sharing program. Under this arrangement, OTARMA retains insured risks up to an amount specified in the contracts. At December 31, 2018, OTARMA retained \$350,000 for casualty claims and \$250,000 for property claims.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreement does not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

#### <u>Financial Position</u>

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and Net Position at December 31, 2018:

	2018
Assets	\$41,593,920
Liablities	8,700,787
Net Position	32,893,133

At December 31, 2018, the liabilities above include approximately \$8.0 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The assets above also include approximately \$6.9 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 1,010 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2018. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. As of December 31, 2018, the Township's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$77,000.

Based on discussions with OTARMA, the expected rates OTARMA charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to OTARMA for each year of membership. The Township made contributions of \$174,900 for 2018, \$155,054 for 2017, and \$155,536 for 2016 to the OTARMA.

After one year of membership, a member may withdraw on the anniversary of the date of joining OTARMA, if the member notifies OTARMA in writing 60 days prior to the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

#### Self-Insurance

The Township manages employee health benefits on a self-insured basis. The employee health benefit plan provides basic health coverage through United Health Care (UHC), the third party administrator (TPA) of the program, which reviews and processes or disallows the claims. Jefferson Health Plan (JHP) releases the claims payments to the providers as a consortium outside UHC. JHP is a jointly governed organization established as a joint insurance pool. The Township is a member of the Center for Local Government Benefits Pool (CLGBP) which is a member of JHP. A specific excess loss coverage (stoploss) insurance policy covers claims in excess of \$150,000 per employee per year. The 2018 monthly family, employee plus one, employee plus children and single premiums were \$1,815.57, \$1,244.90, \$1,114.48, and \$597.97. The TPA charges the Township an administration fee of \$47.75 per employee per month.

#### Note 6 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

# Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description – Township employees, other than full-time firefighters, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a combination cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit/defined contribution pension plan. Participating employers

Anderson Township
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are divided into state, local, law enforcement and public safety divisions. While members in the state and local divisions may participate in all three plans, law enforcement and public safety divisions exist only within the traditional plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members in the traditional and combined plans were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional and combined plans as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS' CAFR referenced above for additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

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#### Group A

Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013

## State and Local

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

#### Traditional Plan Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

#### **Combined Plan Formula:**

1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30

#### **Public Safety**

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

#### Law Enforcement

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

#### **Public Safety and Law Enforcement**

#### Traditional Plan Formula:

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

#### **Group B**

20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013

# State and Local Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

#### Traditional Plan Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

#### Combined Plan Formula:

1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30

#### **Public Safety**

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

#### Law Enforcement

#### **Age and Service Requirements:**

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

#### **Public Safety and Law Enforcement**

#### Traditional Plan Formula:

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

#### Group C

Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013

#### State and Local

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit

#### Traditional Plan Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

#### Combined Plan Formula:

1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 35

#### **Public Safety**

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 52 with 25 years of service credit or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit

#### Law Enforcement

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit

#### **Public Safety and Law Enforcement**

#### Traditional Plan Formula:

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

When a traditional plan benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. Members retiring under the combined plan receive a cost-of-living adjustment of the defined benefit portion of their pension benefit. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3 percent simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Defined contribution plan benefits are established in the plan documents, which may be amended by the Board. Member-directed plan and combined plan members who have met the retirement eligibility requirements may apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the combined plan consists of the member's contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the member's investment selections. Combined plan members wishing to receive benefits must meet the requirements for both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans. Member-directed participants must have attained the age of 55, have money on deposit in the defined contribution plan and have terminated public service to apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the member-directed plan consists of the members' contributions, vested employer contributions and investment gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Employer contributions and associated investment earnings vest over a five-year period, at a rate of 20 percent each year. At retirement, members may select one of several distribution options for payment of the vested balance in their individual OPERS accounts. Options include the purchase of a monthly defined benefit annuity from OPERS (which includes joint and survivor options), partial lump-sum payments (subject to limitations), a rollover of the vested account balance to another financial institution, receipt of entire account balance, net of taxes withheld, or a combination of these options.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State and Local	Public Safety	Law Enforcement	
2018 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates				
Employer	14.0 %	18.1 %	18.1 %	
Employee ***	10.0 %	*	**	
2018 Actual Contribution Rates				
Employer:				
Pension	14.0 %	18.1 %	18.1 %	
Post-employment Health Care Benefits ****	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Total Employer	14.0 %	18.1 %	18.1 %	
Employee	10.0 %	12.0 %	13.0 %	

- \* This rate is determined by OPERS' Board and has no maximum rate established by ORC.
- \*\* This rate is also determined by OPERS' Board, but is limited by ORC to not more than 2 percent greater than the Public Safety rate.
- \*\*\* Member contributions within the combined plan are not used to fund the defined beneretirement allowance.
- \*\*\*\* This employer health care rate is for the traditional and combined plans. The employer contribution for the member-directed plan is 4 percent.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The Township's contractually required contribution was \$300,645 for year 2018.

# Plan Description - Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OPF)

Plan Description – Township full-time firefighters participate in Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OPF), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OPF. OPF provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OPF fiduciary net position. The report that may be obtained by visiting the OPF website at www.opf.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OPF may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OPF offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5 percent for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.0 percent for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.5 percent for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72 percent of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit (see OPF's CAFR referenced above for additional information, including requirements for Deferred Retirement Option Plan provisions and reduced and unreduced benefits).

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OPF benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit, surviving beneficiaries, and statutory survivors. Members participating in the DROP program have separate eligibility requirements related to COLA.

Members retiring under normal service retirement, with less than 15 years of service credit on July 1, 2013, and members whose pension benefit became effective on or after July 1, 2013, will receive a COLA equal to a percentage of the member's base pension benefit where the percentage is the lesser of three percent or the percentage increase in the consumer price index, if any, over the 12 month period that ends on the thirtieth day of September of the immediately preceding year, rounded to the nearest one-tenth of one percent.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	Police	Firefighters		
2018 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates				
Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %		
Employee	12.25 %	12.25 %		
2018 Actual Contribution Rates				
Employer:				
Pension	19.00 %	23.50 %		
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.50	0.50		
Total Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %		
Employee	12.25 %	12.25 %		

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The Township's contractually required contribution to OPF was \$1,361,403 for 2018.

## Note 7 - Post Employment Benefits

#### **Ohio Public Employees Retirement System**

Plan Description – The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the traditional pension and the combined plans. This trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or refund, member directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the traditional pension and combined plans must have twenty or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 75. See OPERS' CAFR referenced below for additional information.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222-7377.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2018, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of earnable salary and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.1 percent. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. For 2018, OPERS did not allocate any employer contribution to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the Member-Directed Plan for 2018 was 4.0 percent.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The Township's contractually required contribution was \$0 for the year 2018.

#### Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Plan Description – The Township contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OPF) sponsored healthcare program, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined post-employment healthcare plan administered by a third-party provider. This program is not guaranteed and is subject to change at any time upon action of the Board of Trustees. OPF provides health care benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drug, dental, vision, and Medicare Part B Premium to retirees, qualifying benefit recipients and their eligible dependents.

OPF provides access to postretirement health care coverage for any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability, or statutory survivor benefit, or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. The health care coverage provided by OPF meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate, OPF to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OPF Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OPF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. The report may be obtained by visiting the OPF website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OPF defined benefit pension plan. Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently 19.5 percent and 24 percent of covered payroll for police and fire employer units, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.5 percent of covered payroll for police employer units and 24 percent of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OPF maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts. There is one account for health care benefits and one account for Medicare Part B reimbursements. A separate health care trust account is maintained for health care benefits One for health care benefits under IRS Code Section 115 trust. An Internal Revenue Code 401(h) account is maintained for Medicare Part B reimbursements.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan to the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. For 2018, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 0.5 percent of covered payroll. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h).

The OPF Board of Trustees is also authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

Beginning January 1, 2019, OPF is changing its retiree health care model and the current self-insured health care plan will no longer be offered. In its place is a stipend-based health care model. A stipend funded by OPF will be placed in individual Health Reimbursement Accounts that retirees will use to be reimbursed for health care expenses.

The Township's contractually required contribution to OPF was \$28,966 for 2018.

#### Note 8 -Debt

The Township's long-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2018 was as follows:

	Rate	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Debt:						
2014 Refunding	1.00-4.00%	\$8,130,000	\$0	(\$2,645,000)	\$5,485,000	\$2,710,000
2014 Premium on Refunding		222,084	0	(111,041)	111,043	0
OPWC Loan - CB22U		0	325,181	(32,518)	292,663	65,036
OPWC Loan - CB19U		0	211,280	0	211,280	0
Total Debt	_	\$8,352,084	\$536,461	(\$2,788,559)	\$6,099,986	\$2,775,036

The general obligation bonds are supported by the full faith and credit of the Township and are payable from unvoted property tax receipts to the extent that other resources are not available to meet annual principal and interest payments.

The Township issued \$11,200,000 in refunding various purpose bonds in 2014 to partially refund \$10,575,000 in 2007 various purpose bonds. The bonds will mature in 2020 and require semi-annual payments due June 1 and December 1.

The Township issued an Ohio Public Works Commission loan in 2018 for \$325,181. The loan was issued for road improvements for the Ivy Hills subdivision. The loan is a five year loan with zero percent interest.

The Township issued an Ohio Public Works Commission loan in 2018 for \$211,280. The loan was issued for Towne Center Way road improvements. The loan is a ten year loan with zero percent interest.

The following is a summary of the Township's future annual debt service requirements at year end:

Year ending	General Obligation Refunding Bond		OPWC Loans		
December 31	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2019	\$2,710,000	\$143,137	\$65,036	\$0	
2020	2,775,000	79,937	107,292	0	
2021	0	0	107,292	0	
2022	0	0	107,292	0	
2023	0	0	74,774	0	
2024	0	0	42,256	0	
Total	\$5,485,000	\$223,074	\$503,942	\$0	

# Note 9 - Contingent Liability

The Township's attorney estimates that all other potential claims against the Township not covered by insurance resulting from all other litigation would not materially affect the financial statements of the Township.

# Note 10 - Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the Township is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on the fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

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			Fire		Other Governmental	
Fund Balances	General	Police	District	TIF	Funds	Total
Nonspendable						
Unclaimed Monies	\$26	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$26
Restricted for:						
Fire District	0	0	4,089,332	0	0	4,089,332
TIF	0	0	0	16,727,221	2,369,889	19,097,110
Motor Vehicle License	0	0	0	0	8,930	8,930
Gasoline Tax	0	0	0	0	52,597	52,597
Road and Bridge	0	0	0	0	2,096,247	2,096,247
Lighting District	0	0	0	0	56,419	56,419
Police	0	3,025,060	0	0	0	3,025,060
Greenspace Levy	0	0	0	0	392,027	392,027
Permissive Tax	0	0	0	0	289,982	289,982
Bond Retirement	0	0	0	0	20,359	20,359
Permanent Improvement	0	0	0	0	696,051	696,051
Total Restricted	0	3,025,060	4,089,332	16,727,221	5,982,501	29,824,114
Assigned to:						
Encumbrances	510,126	0	0	0	0	510,126
Next Year's Budget	793,650	0	0	0	0	793,650
Total Assigned	1,303,776	0	0	0	0	1,303,776
Unassigned (Deficit)	10,258,441	0	0	0	0	10,258,441
Total Fund Balance	\$11,562,243	\$3,025,060	\$4,089,332	\$16,727,221	\$5,982,501	\$41,386,357

In addition to the above fund balance constraints, the Township has a General Fund budget stabilization arrangement that does not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.13, the Township established a budget stabilization by resolution to provide options to respond to unexpected issues and afford a buffer against shocks and other forms of risk such as revenue volatility, unexpected infrastructure failure, or disaster situations. Expenditures of a recurring nature are not addressed through the use of this arrangement. The Township Trustees authorized the funding of this arrangement as resources become available in the General Fund. The fund balance should not exceed 30 percent of the General Fund average revenues.

# Note 11 - Implementation of New Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2018, the Township implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017, Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, and related guidance from (GASB) Implementation Guide No. 2017-3, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other Than Pensions (and Certain Issues Related to OPEB Plan Reporting).

GASB Statement No. 85 addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and

Anderson Township
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For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

other postemployment benefits (OPEB)). These changes were incorporated in the Township's fiscal year 2018 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning fund cash balance.

GASB Statement No. 75 established standards for measuring and recognizing Postemployment benefit liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and expense/expenditure. These changes were incorporated in the Township's fiscal year 2018 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning fund cash balance.

The Township also implemented the (GASB) Implementation Guide No. 2017-1. These changes were incorporated in the Township's fiscal year 2018 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning fund cash balance.

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Corporate Centre of Blue Ash 11117 Kenwood Road Blue Ash, Ohio 45242-1817 (513) 361-8550 or (800) 368-7419 SouthwestRegion@ohioauditor.gov

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Anderson Township Hamilton County 7850 Five Mile Road Cincinnati, Ohio 45230

#### To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the modified cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Anderson Township, Hamilton County, (the Township) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 24, 2020, wherein we noted the Township uses a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles. We also noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Township.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Township's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings that we consider a material weakness. We consider finding 2019-001 to be a material weakness.

Anderson Township
Hamilton County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
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# **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

August 24, 2020

# ANDERSON TOWNSHIP HAMILTON COUNTY

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

# FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2019-001**

#### **Material Weakness**

In our audit engagement letter, as required by AU-C Section 210, *Terms of Engagement*, paragraph .06, management acknowledged its responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of their financial statements; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error as discussed in AU-C Section 210 paragraphs .A14 & .A16.

We identified the following conditions related to the above criteria:

- Proceeds of Long-Term Debt totaling \$2,202,817 in Other Governmental Funds were incorrectly posted to Payments in Lieu of Taxes in 2019.
- Permissive Motor Vehicle License receipts totaling \$65,241 in 2018 and \$65,780 in 2019 in Other Governmental Funds were incorrectly posted to Taxes instead of Intergovernmental.
- Intergovernmental receipts totaling \$81,088 in 2018 and \$71,725 in 2019 in the General Fund were incorrectly posted to Fines Licenses and Permits receipts and Other Receipts for \$30,018 and \$51,070 in 2018, respectively, and \$15,034 and \$56,691 in 2019, respectively.
- Intergovernmental receipts and Capital Outlay disbursements in the FEMA Fund totaling \$82,681 in 2018 and \$25,199 in 2017 were incorrectly posted to the Road and Bridge Fund.
- Intergovernmental receipts in the Fire District Fund totaling \$15,000 in 2019 were incorrectly posted to Other Receipts.
- Intergovernmental receipts in the Fire District Fund totaling \$40,000 in 2018 were incorrectly posted to the TIF Fund.
- Intergovernmental receipts in the Fire District Fund totaling \$1,800 in 2018 were incorrectly posted to Other Receipts.
- Intergovernmental receipts totaling \$347,576 in Federal Grant Special Revenue Fund were incorrectly posted to the TIF Fund and 32 Riverfront I Fund for \$332,492 and \$15,084, respectively, in 2019.
- Township did not include the 2019 debt issue for \$2,225,000 in the 2019 footnotes, so therefore, amounts included in the debt footnote for debt outstanding and amortization amounts were understated.

The financial statements and accounting records have been adjusted for these errors, where applicable. The Township did not have procedures in place for effective monitoring of the Township's financial activity, and the accuracy of accounting and financial reporting. The Township Fiscal Officer has sole responsibility over accounting and reporting. It is important that the Board take an active role in monitoring the posting of such activity. Failure to accurately post financial activity and monitor financial activity increases the risk that errors, theft and fraud could occur and not be detected in a timely manner.

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# FINDING NUMBER 2019-001 (Continued)

We recommend due care be exercised when posting entries to the financial records and in preparation of the financial statements and footnotes to the financial statements.

# Officials' Response:

We did not receive a response from Officials to this finding.